

Cambridge Assessment International Education

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

ACCOUNTING 0452/21
Paper 2 October/November 2019

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 120

Published

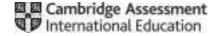
This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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This document consists of 17 printed pages.



[Turn over

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate

marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do

marks are not deducted for errors

marks are not deducted for omissions

answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

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GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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						PUBL	ЭПЕР						
Question						Ar	nswer						Marks
1(a)	Sophie Cash Book												
	Date 2019 Aug 1 17 24 29 30 31 2019 Sept 1	Balance b/d Jack Sales Capital Cash Jason Bella Balance b/d	(1) (1)	Disc. \$ 11	Cash \$ 250 3820 4070 1976 (1) OF	Bank \$ 156 5000 2000 539 260 7955 2828 (1) OF	Date 2019 Aug 1 2 30 31	Balance b/d Petty cash Bank Ellie Bank charges Jack (Dis. chq) Insurance Balance c/d	(1) (1) (1) (1)	Disc. \$ 22	Cash \$ 94 2000 1976 4070	Bank \$ 4010 858 53 156 50 2828 7955	
	+ (1) OF	totalling both	discoun	t column	ıs								
1(b)	Bank overdraft/amount Sophie owed the bank											1	
1(c)	Amount v	vithdrawn from th	ne cash t	o transfe	r to the pe	etty cash	book/amo	ount given in cash	to the	petty cas	shier		1
1(d)	This is a	contra entry (1) I	Money w	as transf	erred to th	ne bank a	ccount fro	om the cash accou	unt (1)				2

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Question		Answer							
1(e)	Bank Reconciliation S	Sophie Statement at 31	August 2019						
	Balance on bank statement Amounts not yet credited	(1)OF	\$	\$ 1147					
	Cash Cheque – Jason	(1) (1)OF	2000 <u>539</u>	<u>2539</u> 3686					
	Cheque not yet presented Ellie Balance in cash book	(1)OF		<u>858</u> 2828					
	Balance in cash book	(1)OF		2020					
	Alternative presentation Bank Reconciliation	Sophie	August 2019	<u>2020</u>					
	Alternative presentation Bank Reconciliation Balance in cash book Cheque not yet presented	Sophie Statement at 31 (1)OF	August 2019 \$	\$ 2828					
	Alternative presentation Bank Reconciliation Balance in cash book	Sophie Statement at 31	<u> </u>	\$					

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Question	Answer	Marks
1(f)	Obtain the correct bank balance Identify errors in the bank columns of the cash book Identify errors on the bank statement Assist in discovering fraud and embezzlement Identify amounts/cheques not credited by the bank Identify cheques not presented Identify stale cheques Understand/reconcile the differences between the bank account/bank column in cash book and the bank statement Any 2 reasons (1) each	2
1(g)(i)	August 17 Cheque received from Jack 31 Return of dishonoured cheque to Jack 31 Cheque received from Jason 31 Discount allowed to Jason 31 Payment by credit transfer from Bella Any 1 transaction (1) mark	1
1(g)(ii)	August 31 Cheque paid to Ellie Discount received from Ellie Any 1 transaction (1) mark	1
1(g)(iii)	August 24 Sales 29 Capital 31 Bank charges Insurance Any 2 transactions (1) mark each	2

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Question	Answer										
2(a)	Statement of Change		imited the year end	ded 30 Septe	mber 2019				4		
	Details	Ordinary share capital \$	General reserve \$	Retained earnings	Total \$						
	On 1 October 2018	150 000	7 000	16 000	173 000						
	Profit for the year			15 000	15 000	(1)					
	Final dividend paid			(6 000)	(6 000)	(1)					
	Transfer to general reserve		5 000	(5 000)		(1)					
	On 30 September 2019	150 000	12 000	20 000	182 000	(1)OF					

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Question	Answer									
2(b)	Statement of	CS Limited Financial Position at	30 September 2019		14					
	Assets Non-current assets Premises Machinery Fixtures and fittings Current assets Inventory Trade receivables Less provision for doubtful debts Other receivables Petty cash Total assets Equity and liabilities Equity and reserves Ordinary shares General reserve Retained earnings	\$ Cost 172 000 38 000 19 500 229 500	\$ Accumulated depreciation 13 680	\$ Book value 172 000 24 320 (1) 15 600 (1) 211 920 (1) 14 360 16 296 (1) 110 200 (1) 30 966 (1) 242 886 150 000 12 000 (1)OF 20 000 (1)OF 182 000 (1)OF Continued						

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Question		Ansv	wer			Marks				
2(b)	Non-current liabilities 5% Debentures (repayable 1 October 2030) Current Liabilities Trade payables Other payables Bank overdraft Bank loan (repayable 1 April 2020) Total equity and liabilities			25 000 (1) 14 866 198 (1) 10 822 (1) 10 000 (1) 35 886 (1)						
2(c)	The difference between the two percentage. The lower the percentage the more efficiency of other suitable comments. Any 2 comments (1) each			revenue (1)		2				
2(d)	The profit earned for every \$100 used in	the business				1				
2(e)	The return on capital employed will decre	ase (1) because the ca	apital employed will incre	ease (1)		2				

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Question	Aı	nswer			Marks			
3(a)	Yabani Income Statement for the year er	nded 30 September	2019		12			
	Revenue Cost of sales Opening inventory of finished goods Cost of production Purchases of finished goods Carriage on finished goods Closing inventory of finished goods Gross profit Administration and selling expenses Depreciation – delivery vehicle (20% · (19 500 – 3900)) office fixtures and fittings (10% · 14 100) Profit for the year	\$ 22 000 (1)OF _2 000 (1)	\$ 21 340 (1)* 141 220 (1) 24 000 186 560 (1)OF 22 560* both 22 120 (1) 3 120 (1) 1 410 (1)	\$ 205 000 (1) \[\frac{164 000}{41 000} \text{ (1)} \] \[\frac{26 650}{14 350} \text{ (1)OF} \]				
3(b)(i)	Gross profit increases (1) the cost of production reduces (1) OR Gross profit may decrease (1) if the raw materials are lower quality there may be more wastage and cost of production may increase (1) so OR Gross profit may decrease (1) Gross profit may decrease (1) If the finished goods are of a lower quality the customers may seek other suppliers so the revenue may decrease (1) Max 2							
3(b)(ii)	Gross profit would increase (1) cost of goods sold would decrease (1) OR Gross profit may decrease (1) the total sales may reduce as customers go elsewhere if Yabani cannot supply these goods (1) Max 2							

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	1 Oblights	
Question	Answer	Marks
3(b)(iii)	No effect on gross profit (1) the wages of the sales staff are a selling expense not a manufacturing expense/are not included in the calculation of the gross profit (1) OR Gross profit would reduce (1) reducing the number of sales staff may result in a reduction in sales (1) Max 2	2
3(b)(iv)	Gross profit would increase (1) the cost of production would decrease (1) OR gross profit may decrease (1) machine operators may take industrial action resulting in reduction of production/reduction in revenue (1) Max 2	2

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Question					Answer			Mai
4(a)	Calculatio	n of amount paid to c	redit supplier	rs .				
	Cash (Amount	urchases turns to credit supplie discount received nt owing to credit sup paid to credit supplier ve presentation	2019	\$ 1 980 (1) 981 (1) 3 770 (1)	_	\$ 38 450 (1) 6 731 OF(1)		
		<u> </u>	Total trade	payables ac	count			
	Date 2019	Details	\$	Date 2019	Details		\$	
	Aug 31	Returns (1) Discount (1) *Bank (1)OF Balance c/d (1)	1 980 981 31 719 <u>3 770</u> 38 450	Aug 31	Purchases	(1)	38 450 38 450	

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PUBLISHED Marks Question Answer 4(b) Calculation of credit sales 5 \$ Amount received from credit customers 47 385 **(1)** Cash discount allowed 1 215 **(1)** Bad debts 150 **(1)** Amount owing by credit customers 31 July 2019 <u>7 650</u> (1) Credit sales 56 400 (1)**OF Alternative presentation** Total trade receivables account \$ Date Details Details \$ Date 2019 2019 Aug 31 *Sales (1)**OF** 56 400 Aua 31 Bank (1) 47 385

	/ dg 01	culco (1)OI	56 400	Aug 01	Discount Bad debts Balance c/d	(1) (1) (1) (1)	1 215 150 <u>7 650</u> 56 400	
4(c)	Calculatio	n of cash banked			\$			2
	Less Cash	f cash sales n kept for personal aid into bank for ca		_	4 100 (1)OF 3 000 (1)OF			

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Question				Answer				Marks
4(d)	Ishaq Bank accou	unt						8
	Date 2018 Aug 1 2019 July 31	Details Capital (1) Credit customers (1) Sales (1)OF	\$ 95 000 47 385 11 100 153 485	Date 2018 Aug 1 2019 July 31	Detain Non-current as Operating exported Credit supplier *Drawings Balance c/d	enses (1)	\$ 70 000 21 451 31 719 9 000 21 315 153 485	
4(e)(i)	Lower of co	ost and net realisable value						1
4(e)(ii)	Prudence (Or Accruals (matching)						1
4(f)				overstated	understated			4
	gross prof	it for the year ended 31 July		√(1)				
	current as	sets at 31 July 2019		√(1)				
	cost of sal	es for the year ending 31 Ju	√(1)					
	profit for th	ne year ending 31 July 2020		√ (1)				

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Question		Answer		Marks
5(a)		Lili SS Limited account		9
	Date Details 2018	\$ Date 2018	Details \$	
	Sept 3 Bank (1 Discount (1	11 2019	Balance b/d 440 Stationery (1) 322	
	July 31 Balance c/d	322 762	<u>762</u>	
		2019 Aug 1	Balance b/d (1)OF 322	
		Stationery account		
	Date Details 2018	\$ Date 2019	Details \$	
	Aug 1 Balance b/d 2019 Mar 30 Cash (*		Income statement(1)OF 356 Balance c/d 96	
	Mar 30 Cash (*) July 6 SS Limited (*) 2019	322 452	452	
	Aug 1 Balance b/d (*	96		
	+ (1) Dates			
5(b)	Credit customers paying early to take Increase in rate of cash discount Introduction of interest charge on ove Improved credit control Issue invoices/statements of account Refusal of further supplies until outsta Any 2 reasons (1) each	ue accounts omptly		2

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Question	Answer	Marks
5(c)	Have to wait longer for the money/could cause cash flow problems Increased risk of bad debts Or other suitable disadvantage Any 1 disadvantage (1)	1
5(d)	Opportunity to earn more cash discount/pay smaller amount Have to pay earlier/deprived of use of the money earlier/may create cash flow problems If credit customers delay in paying the business will have to use existing money to pay the credit suppliers if wish to earn the cash discount If cannot pay on time may be charged interest on overdue account If cannot pay on time relationship with suppliers may be damaged Will have little impact as is not earning the cash discount now Any two comments (1) each	2
5(e)	Capital expenditure Money spend on acquiring, improving and installing non-current assets (1) Capital receipt Amounts received which do not form part of the day-to-day trading activities (1) Revenue expenditure Money spent on the running of a business on a day-to-day basis (1) Revenue receipt Amounts received in the day-to-day trading activities and other items of income (1)	4

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estion	Answer						
5(f)	effect on non-current assets			effect on profit for the year			
		overstated \$	understated \$	no effect	overstated \$	understated \$	
	error 1		3000			3000	
	error 2	1630 (1)			1630 (1)		
	error 3			√ (1)	1280 *		
	error 4		1350*			1350*	

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